DEPARTMENT.—(Mr. P. H. Krishna Rao).—

(*a*) 41 Ranges.
2 Distillery.
1 Excise Intelligence Bureau Staff.
1 Ganja Duty.
1 Mobile Staff.
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(*b*)—

Brahmins ...	... 20
Muhammadans	... 11
Vokkaligars ...	... 3
Christian ...	... 1
Kshatriyas ...	... 2
Naidus ...	... 3
Ediga ...	... 1
Telugu Banajiga	... 1
Mahratta ...	... 1
Rajaput ...	... 1
Bedar ...	... 1
Adikarnataka	... 1

(*c*) Statement attached. (Appendix.)

(*d*) None.

Mr. B. L. BYANNA.—With reference to answer to (*d*), is there not an Assistant Range Inspector of the Gangakula Community in the Excise Department?

Mr. P. H. KRISHNA RAO.—I have not enquired about it.

Mr. B. L. BYANNA.—Is not the Gangakula community a minority community?

Mr. P. H. KRISHNA RAO.—It is.

Mr. B. L. BYANNA.—Was it not brought to the notice of Government on the last occasion that for the last six years the members of the community were not having any chances of getting into the services?

Mr. P. H. KRISHNA RAO.—No.

Mr. B. L. BYANNA.—Did not the then Second Member of Council say that it would be kept in view?

The FIRST MEMBER (Rajamantrapravina N. Madhava Rau).—Notice.

Mr. Bhupalam R. CHANDRASEKHARAYYA.—Are any posts in the Excise Department reserved for candidates of particular communities?

Mr. P. H. KRISHNA RAO.—No.

R.A.

Operators in the Electrical Department belonging to the Gangakula Community.

Q.—49. Mr. A. VENKATARAMANABOYI (Minorities).—

Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(*a*) the number of Operators and Chief Operators in the Electrical Department;

(*b*) the qualification of each of them;

(*c*) the names of those among them that belong to the Gangakula community;

(*d*) the pay received by each of them (information may kindly be furnished in detail)?

A.—The SECRETARY to GOVERNMENT, ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT (Sir Harold N. Colam).—

(*a*) 169.

(*b*) Electrical or Mechanical Engineering (Lower or Higher), B.E. (Electrical Engineering).

(*c*) (1) S. V. Anka Boyi.
(2) T. Ramachandriah (Acting).

(*d*) Rs. 35 each.

Police Probationers belonging to the Jyotinagara Vaisya Community.

Q.—60. Mr. A. DASAPPA (Minorities).—

Will the Government be pleased to state:—

the number and names of persons belonging to the Jyotinagara Vaisya (Ganiga) Community that have been appointed as police probationers from the year 1935 up to 1939?

A.—The CHIEF SECRETARY to GOVERNMENT (Rajasevaprasaktha B. T. Kesavalengar).—

No police probationer in the gazetted ranks has been appointed between 1935-39. A Police Probationary Sub-Inspector belonging to the Jyotinagara Community was selected in 1936.

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Mr. A. DASAPPA.—Are the Government aware that many graduates of the community had applied for being appointed as Police Probationers?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—Many applications not only from members of this community but also from others had been received.

Mr. A. DASAPPA.—Is not the Jyotinagara Vaisya Community a minority community?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—Yes.

Mr. A. DASAPPA.—Will candidates of this community be selected for appointment in the Police Department as far as possible in future at least?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—The object of the Government is to give them chances as far as possible.

Mr. S. C. BELURIAH.—Once a graduate is appointed how long would it take for him to get into the higher grades? Is there any time limit fixed for it?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—It all depends upon the vacancies arising in the department; and also upon the grade in which he is appointed and the scale of increments.

Mr. S. C. BELURIAH.—Are the Government aware that some of the candidates have been drawing nothing more than the salary on which they were started several years ago?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—It all depends upon the nature of the vacancy in which they were appointed. If it was a vacancy carrying a grade pay, the incumbent would get his increments. If, on the other hand, it was one with a fixed pay, the person would have to wait until there is a vacancy in the higher grade.

Mr. D. VENKATARAMANAPPA.—What is the reason for not giving appointments to graduates of the Ganigar community even though they applied for them?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—Applications would be called for for the posts of probationers and selections would be made by a committee from among the candidates who apply. In making the selection, especially for the Police Department, physique, intelligence and educational qualifications, all these would be taken into consideration and only those satisfying these conditions would be selected.

Mr. S. C. BELURIAH.—Are the Government aware that in the Education and the Excise Departments, members of the Nayinda Community have had no promotions whatever for the past few years?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—It all depends upon the chances available.

Mr. K. L. NANJAPPA NADIG.—Have any appointments in the Police Department been reserved to particular communities?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—No.

Mr. Yejaman VEERABHADRACHAR.—For the selection of revenue probationers, are any qualifications other than educational necessary?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—Yes.

Mr. Yejaman VEERABHADRACHAR.—What is the reason for not selecting any Visvakarma candidates in recent years?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—All the candidates that apply cannot be selected. The selection is made by a committee after taking into consideration the educational and other qualifications necessary for the efficient discharge of the duties that they are expected to do.

Mr. Yejaman VEERABHADRACHAR.—Are there any instances in which even candidates selected by the committee have not been appointed?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—That depends upon the number of vacancies available.

Mr. Yejaman VEERABHADRACHAR.—Have any candidates of the Visvakarma Community been selected at all so far?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—Notice.

Mr. M. SUBBIAH.—Is it not a fact that more than the qualifications of the candidates, recommendations play a prominent part in selecting hands for these appointments?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—No, no.

Mr. K. MUNIVENKATAPPA.—Only the percentage of Brahmins and the non-Brahmins has been fixed so far as recruitment to the services are concerned. What should become of the depressed classes? Is there any percentage fixed for them?

Mr. B. T. KESAVAIENGAR.—They must take chances along with their non-Brahmin brethren. The Central Recruitment Board consists of many non-official members who look after the interests of all communities.

Increasing the Number of Teachers in Single-Teacher Primary Schools.

Q.—61. Srimathi R. KALYANAMMA (Women's Interest).—

Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(*a*) whether any attempts have been made to increase the number of teachers in the single-teacher primary schools, as it is known that the number of students also would thereby be increased;

(*b*) if not, when they propose to take up the work?

A.—The SECRETARY to GOVERNMENT, GENERAL DEPARTMENT (Mr. J. Appaji Gowda).—

(*a*) Additional teachers are being given for such schools as far as funds permit.

(*b*) Does not arise in view of reply to (*a*).

Srimathi R. KALYANAMMA.—Will the Government be pleased to sanction at least one more teacher to all the single-teacher schools?

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA.—It is a question of funds. Last year, about 50 schools were given an additional teacher each. There are about 5,000 single-teacher schools and it is not possible to sanction additional teachers to all of them.

Srimathi R. KALYANAMMA.—At least to schools where the number of pupils is large, will an additional teacher be sanctioned?

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA.—It depends upon the funds available.

Mr. B. L. BYANNA.—Where is the money for this purpose to come from?

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA.—The local education authorities should find funds for the purpose.

Mr. B. L. BYANNA.—If the local education authorities give their quota, will the Government also contribute their share?

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA.—Government will consider.

Mr. B. L. BYANNA.—Is it not a fact that in certain cases where the municipalities came forward to pay their share, the Government said that they had no funds for meeting their own share of the expenditure?

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA.—Notice.

Mr. K. L. NANJAPPA NADIG.—Are the Government aware that the single-teacher schools are often kept closed for days together owing to the absence of the teachers?

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA.—Government have no information.

Mr. K. L. NANJAPPA NADIG.—At least in cases where a teacher goes on leave for a month or more, should not a substitute be posted in his place?

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA.—I think in such cases, substitutes are sent. But for short periods, it is not possible to send substitutes.

Mr. K. L. NANJAPPA NADIG.—The maximum strength of a class has been fixed at 40 Supposing as many as 60 pupils apply, what should become of the 20 extras?

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA.—In such cases, additional teachers are sanctioned, if considered necessary.

Mr. K. L. NANJAPPA NADIG.—Has it come to the notice of Government that even when there are over 100 boys only one teacher has been given?

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA —No.

Mr. K. L. NANJAPPA NADIG.—If such instances are brought to notice, will additional hands be sanctioned?

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA.—The local education authority will be asked to examine such cases and take needful action.

Mr. B. SITHARAMIAH.—The number of primary schools is inadequate and the local education authorities plead inability to establish more schools for want of funds. What is the remedy?

Mr. J. APPAJI GOWDA.—Government can only do whatever is possible with the funds available.